

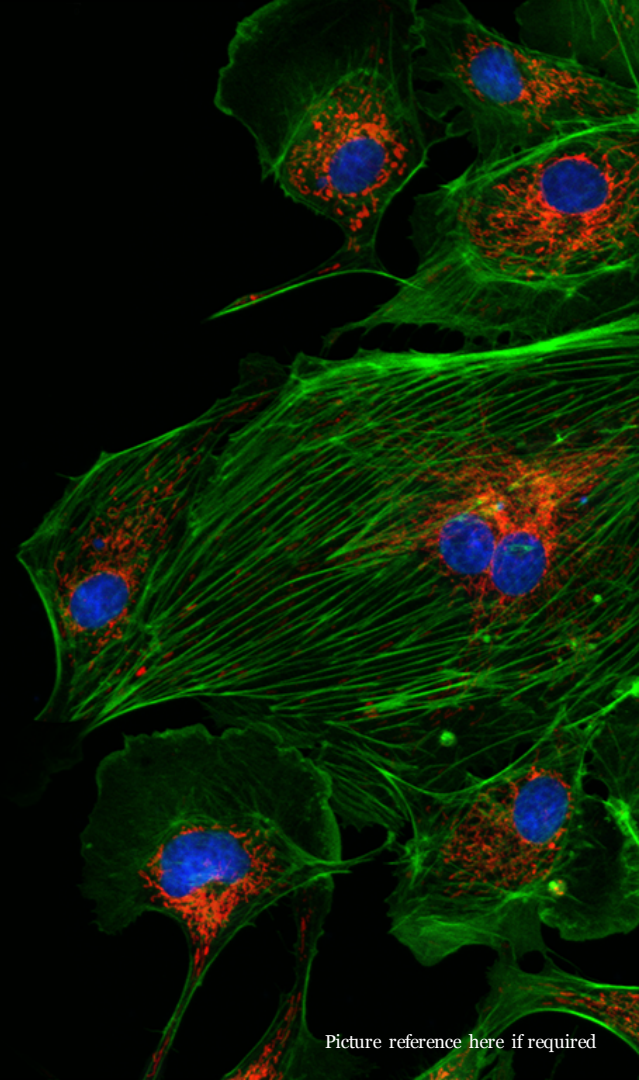
CELL THERAPY TRANSLATION

Translational Challenges

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Summary

- Complex regulatory pathway
- Human Starting Materials
- Preclinical
- Clinical
- Licensing
- Supply

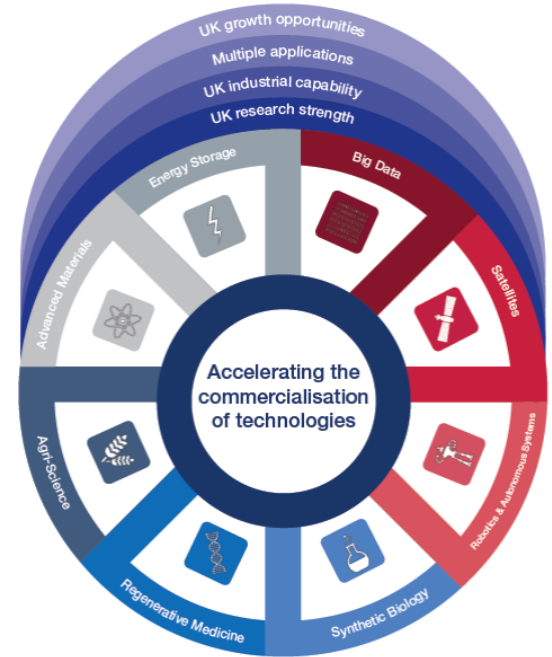
Cell and Gene Therapy Catapult

CATAPULT
Cell and Gene Therapy

The Catapults

The **Catapults** are a force for innovation & growth

- Part of a **world-leading network** of technology and innovation centres
- **Bridge the gap** between businesses, academia, research and government
- Long-term investment to **transform** the UK's ability to create new products and services
- **Regenerative medicine** is one of the UK government's eight great technologies that support UK science strengths and business capabilities
- Open up global opportunities for the UK and **generate sustained economic growth** for the future
- Established by **Innovate UK** (formerly the Technology Strategy Board)



Why Cell Therapy?

- Identified significant and growing **unmet healthcare needs** that cell therapy could address
- The UK is at the leading-edge of the cell therapy industry, with a disproportionate share of **world-leading scientists** and new developments in the field, creating an advantage upon which the country can capitalise
- An opportunity to build a **large-scale industry** delivering health and wealth to the UK

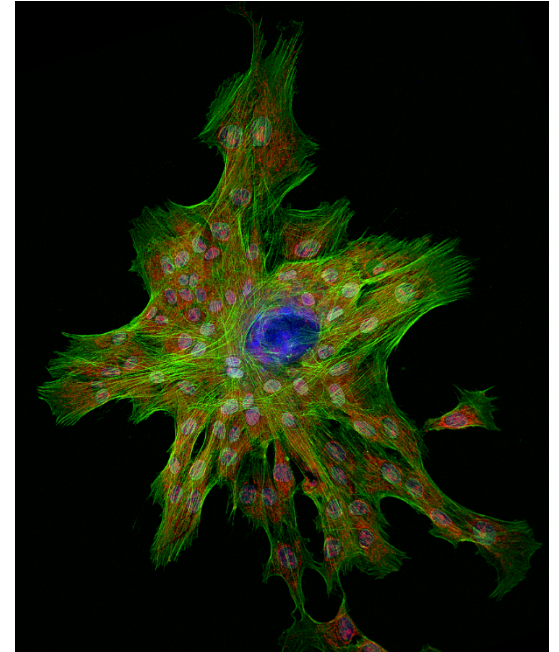


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Strategic goals

Goal

- Build a £10bn industry

Pipeline

- Increased cell therapies in UK clinical trial and clinical use

Value

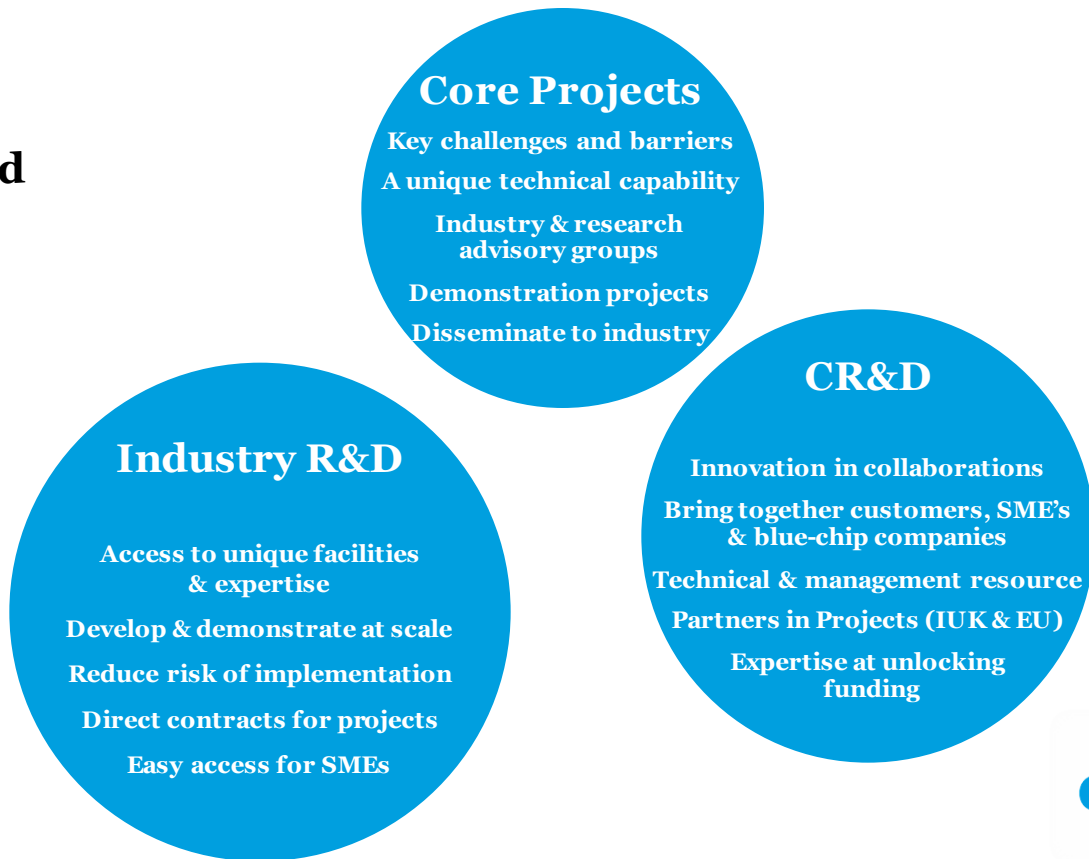
- Investible propositions created leading to cell therapy companies that succeed and stay in the UK

Attractiveness

- Demonstrating that the UK is the place to do this work, with increased inward investment

Catapults

Helping business to
**identify, adopt and
develop** innovative
technologies



Assets

- facilities and teams

Facilities

£70m development laboratories

- London clinical research cluster
- 1,200m² on 12th floor Guy's Tower
- 110 people

£55m large-scale advanced therapies manufacturing centre

- Stevenage Biocatalyst
- Opening 2017
- 7,200m²
- 150 people



Teams

Business

- Business development
- Business models
- Health economics

Manufacturing and supply

- Process development
- Analytical development
- GMP process proving
- Supply chain
- Late clinical phase manufacturing
- Initial in market supply

Clinical trial and regulatory

- Regulatory
- Clinical trial sponsor
- Clinical operations
- Pre-clinical safety

Complex regulatory pathway

**EU
Tissues and Cells
Directive
or
Blood Directive**

*30 years
traceability
requirement*

STARTING MATERIAL
Human Blood, Tissues or Cells

**Substantial
manipulation
and/or non
homologous
use**

No

**Transplants or
Transfusions**

Yes

ATMP

ATMP regulation
EC 1394/2007

Pre Clinical

Clinical Trials

Licensed Product

Post Marketing
*30 Years Traceability
Efficacy Ph V follow-up*

**Clinical Trial
Authorisation
National
(MHRA)**

**Marketing Authorisation
European centralised licence (MAA)
(CAT) EMA**

**GMP
Requirement
(Eudralex Vol 4)**

GLP

**Manufacturing
Authorisation
Investigational
Medicinal
Products (MIA(IMP))**

**Manufacturing Authorisation
(MIA)**

Guidance used for CT & G development

GUIDELINE ON VIRUS SAFETY EVALUATION OF BIOTECHNOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONAL MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

European Medicines Agency pre-authorisation procedural advice for users of the centralised procedure

NOTE FOR GUIDANCE ON QUALITY OF BIOTECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS: DERIVATION AND CHARACTERISATION OF CELL SUBSTRATES USED FOR PRODUCTION OF BIOTECHNOLOGICAL/BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS
(CPMP/ICH/294/95)

NOTE FOR GUIDANCE ON QUALITY OF BIOTECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS: STABILITY TESTING OF BIOTECHNOLOGICAL/BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS
(CPMP/ICH/365/96)

NOTE FOR GUIDANCE ON SPECIFICATIONS: TEST PROCEDURES AND ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA FOR BIOTECHNOLOGICAL/BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS
(CPMP/ICH/365/96)

NOTE FOR GUIDANCE ON VIRUS VALIDATION | **NOTE FOR GUIDANCE ON THE USE OF BOVINE SERUM IN THE PRODUCTION OF BIOTECHNOLOGICAL/BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS**

GUIDELINE ON HUMAN CELL-BASED MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

NOTE FOR GUIDANCE ON IMPURITIES TESTING: IMPURITIES IN NEW DRUG SUBSTANCES

Excipients in the label and package leaflet of medicinal products for human use

NOTE FOR GUIDANCE ON GUIDANCE ON MINIMISING THE RISK OF CONJUGATED ENCEPHALOPATHY IN BIOTECHNOLOGICAL/BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS

NOTE FOR GUIDANCE ON QUALITY OF BIOTECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS: VIRAL SAFETY EVALUATION OF BIOTECHNOLOGY PRODUCTS DERIVED FROM CELL LINES OF HUMAN OR ANIMAL ORIGIN
(CPMP/ICH/295/95)

VOLUME 2A
Procedures for marketing authorisation
CHAPTER 1
MARKETING AUTHORISATION

SECTIONS 6.2 AND 6.3

November 2005

GUIDELINE ON THE ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT OF MEDICINAL PRODUCTS FOR HUMAN USE

Human starting material

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Translation challenges – Starting material

- Sourcing human derived starting material
 - Ethical
 - Consent
 - Regulatory
 - Donor to donor variability

Preclinical

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Translation challenges - Preclinical

- Preclinical testing
 - Suitability of animal models
 - Impact of immunosuppression
 - GLP or not

Clinical

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The challenges to translation - CT

- Licensing of procurement sites
- Logistics
- Clinical Trial design aspects – limited comparative data produced through non-standard pathways:
- Small or extremely small number of patients
- Most don't follow the classical randomised, controlled PhI, PhII, PhIII, PhIV pathway
- 'Surrogate' endpoints
- May be administered to end-of life patients
- Usually administer cautiously to patients in first instance (not healthy volunteers)
- Sometimes already have some non-trial patient experience (eg specials route)
- Risk:benefit assessment for patient groups; informed consent

Licensing

Translation challenges - Licensing

- Europe wide licensing for ATMP
- Orphan or ultra-orphan products
- More likely to follow non-conventional licensing routes:
 - Conditional, Exceptional Use, Accelerated ie approved with small numbers of patients and with post approval commitments. Licence can be revoked if commitments not met
- Long-term supply of unlicensed products - Specials or Hospital exemption schemes
- Patient registries

Supply issues

Translation challenges - Supply

- Many autologous therapies
- Europe wide supply for ATMP
- High Cost of Goods
- Logistical supply significantly more challenging, with associated costs
- Post-marketing commitments
- More use of clinical champions
- Patients may travel within and between countries to receive treatment at centres of excellence
- Short-time frame for patients to receive treatment
- Uncommon for these products will be delivered on an ongoing basis
- Reimbursement

